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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/401,074	09/22/1999	AMIT VERMA	4449	4152
75	90 03/24/2004		EXAMI	NER
Krishna Jhaveri			RYMAN, DANIEL J	
Silicon Automation Systems 2900 Gordon Avenue			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Suite 105	701140		2665	
Santa Clara, CA 95051			DATE MAILED: 03/24/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
_	09/401,074	VERMA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
•	Daniel J. Ryman	2665			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM					
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 Fe	ebruary 2004.				
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closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 9-13</u> is/are pending in the app	olication.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are allowed.	Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-13</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>9-13</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	, ,				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:</li> <li>1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ul>					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)	" <b>—</b>				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 9-13 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tellado et al (USPN 6,314,146) in view of Kotzin et al (USPN 5,796,722).
- 4. Regarding claim 13, Tellado discloses sampling the symbols to be transmitted of the frame (col. 6, lines 33-40); comparing the magnitudes of the samples to a threshold to determine if the samples violate the threshold (col. 8, lines 6-14); determining an upper limit correction value for each symbol (col. 8, lines 6-14) where the upper limit of the correction value is the value needed to negate the frame's peak to below the threshold; computing a peak reduction kernel responsive to the upper limit correction values (col. 9, line 23-col. 10, line 12); responsive to determining a sample magnitude does violate the predetermined threshold, applying the kernel to the sample to reduce the peak (col. 9, lines 23-34 and col. col. 10, lines 8-12); and transmitting the modified symbol to a receiver unaware of the method for minimizing the peak to average power ratio (col. 3, lines 6-20). Tellado does not disclose that the predetermined threshold is selectable to control the number of samples violating the threshold. Kotzin teaches, in a

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multicarrier system, having a threshold selectable to control the number of metrics violating the threshold in order to add flexibility to the system (col. 4, lines 54-64). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have the threshold be selectable to control the number of samples violating the threshold in order to add flexibility to the system. Tellado also does not disclose that the upper limit correction value is selectable to control an amount of signal to noise ratio deterioration because Tellado's method is designed such that it does not affect the signal to noise ratio. However, Tellado recognizes that the correction values will affect the signal to noise ratio unless measures are taken to design around this problem (col. 2, lines 53-61). Kotzin teaches, in a multicarrier system, having a value selectable to control the quality of a communication link in order to add flexibility to the system (col. 4, lines 54-64). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have the upper limit correction value be selectable to control an amount of signal to noise ratio deterioration in order to add flexibility to the system.

5. Regarding claim 9, referring to claim 13, Tellado in view of Kotzin discloses that computing a peak reduction kernel responsive to the upper limit correction values comprises: determining a phase component and an amplitude component of the upper limit correction values and setting the phase component of the upper limit correction values to zero to ensure that the peak reduction kernel has its peak value at the first sample of the frame (Tellado: col. 7, lines 1-6) where the phase of the peak reduction frequencies which have their magnitude set by the upper limit correction value (vector c) can be initialized to zero which effectively sets the phase component of the upper limit correction value to zero since the upper limit correction value is the value for the peak reduction frequency.

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- 6. Regarding claim 10, referring to claim 13, Tellado in view of Kotzin discloses that applying the peak reduction kernel to the sample to reduce the peak of the sample comprises: rotating the peak reduction kernel by an amount to ensure a peak of the peak reduction kernel coincides with a peak of the frame (Tellado: col. 10, lines 8-12); determining whether the peak of the peak reduction kernel has a sign equal to a sign of the peak of the frame (Tellado: col. 9, lines 18-25 and col. 10, lines 8-25, esp. lines 13-15); responsive to the signs of the peaks of the peak reduction kernel and the frame being equal, multiplying the peak reduction kernel by minus one (Tellado: col. 9, lines 18-25 and col. 10, lines 8-25, esp. lines 13-15); and adding the peak reduction kernel to the samples to reduce the peak of the frame (Tellado: col. 8, lines 24-36 and col. 9, lines 18-25).
- 7. Regarding claim 11, referring to claim 13, Tellado in view of Kotzin discloses applying the peak kernel to the sample where the kernel has a magnitude scaled to the extent that the frame's magnitude exceeds the threshold (Tellado: col. 10, lines 8-24, esp. lines 15-20).
- Regarding claim 12, referring to claim 11, Tellado in view of Kotzin discloses that the magnitude of each kernel is equal to one and that the sum of the magnitudes of the kernels equals the number of corrections values (Tellado: col. 9, lines 65-67 and col. 11, lines 62-63). Tellado in view of Kotzin possibly does not expressly disclose that the scaling factors are chosen to ensure a sum of the magnitudes of the kernels applied is equal to one. However, it is generally considered to be within the ordinary skill in the art to adjust, vary, select, or optimize the numerical parameters or values of any system absent a showing of criticality in a particular recited value. The burden of showing criticality is on applicant. In re Mason, 87 F.2d 370, 32 USPQ 242 (CCPA 1937); Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. v. U.S., 320 U.S. 1, 57 USPQ 471

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(1943); In re Schneider, 148 F.2d 108, 65 USPQ 129 (CCPA 1945); In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 105 USPQ 233 (CCPA 1055); In re Saether, 492 F.2d 849, 181 USPQ 36 (CCPA 1974); In re Antonie, 559 F.2d 618, 195 USPQ 6 (CCPA 1977); In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980). Since Tellado in view of Kotzin discloses that the sum of the magnitudes of the kernels equals a number, any value for the sum would have been obvious absent a showing of criticality by Applicant.

## Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 1-7 are allowed. Regarding claim 1, the examiner did not find support in the prior art for having a net penalty function determined with a gradient being computed from this net penalty function.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel J. Ryman whose telephone number is (703)305-6970. The

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy Vu can be reached on (703)308-6602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 7:00-5:00 with every other Friday off.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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